

Mango Nutrition and Fertilization

By Oscar F. Ruiz Jr. D.P.M.

pH: Mildly acid to mildly alkaline soils (6.0-7.5)

Table 1. Fertilizer recommendations for mango production according to tree age and yield.

Taken from: Avilan, Luis. Fertilización del Mango en el Trópico. Int. Plant Nut. Inst.

| Age (Years) | Yield (Kg/tree) | N a - b* | P ₂ O ₅ ** a - b* | K ₂ O** a - b* |
|----------------|--------------------|-----------------|--|------------------------------|
| | | grams/tree/year | | |
| 2 | 4 | 20 - 25 | 10 - 12 | 25 - 30 |
| 4 | 56 | 230 - 250 | 115 - 175 | 225 - 420 |
| 6 | 80 | 330 - 500 | 165 - 250 | 395 - 600 |
| 8 | 160 | 660 - 995 | 330 - 490 | 790 - 1195 |
| 10 | 220 | 908 - 1360 | 450 - 680 | 1090 - 1630 |
| 12 | 300 | 1322 -1980 | 660 - 990 | 1580 - 2370 |
| 14 | 320 | 1322 -1980 | 660 - 990 | 1580 - 2370 |
| 16 | 320 | 1322 -1980 | 660 - 990 | 1580 - 2370 |
| 18 | 320 | 1322 -1980 | 660 - 990 | 1580 - 2370 |
| 20 | 220 | 908 - 1360 | 450 - 680 | 1090 - 1630 |
| 22 | 220 | 908 - 1360 | 450 - 680 | 1090 - 1630 |
| 24 | 220 | 908 - 1360 | 450 - 680 | 1090 - 1630 |
| 26 | 160 | 660 - 995 | 330 - 490 | 790 - 1195 |
| 28 | 160 | 660 - 995 | 330 - 490 | 790 -1195 |

* - "a" = minimum to apply, "b" = maximum to apply. Nitrogen application should vary according to cultivar, yield, soil type, and environmental conditions.

** - Base P₂O₅ and K₂O applications on soil test results. On soils with high nutrient levels, apply the lower rate "a". On soils with medium nutrient levels, apply a rate between "a" and "b". On soils with low nutrient levels, apply the high rate "b".

Fertilizer applications may be split in order to prevent root injury and/or improve efficacy.



Proper mango nutrition cannot be based solely on soil analyses results. Soil analyses may or may not be representative of what nutrients are available to the plant. Actual plant nutrient availability can only be determined by a plant tissue analysis. Soil analyses and plant tissue analyses results should be used together to determine a more effective approach to mango nutrition.

Figure 3. Plant tissue sufficiency levels for mango.

From: Mills, H. A. y J. B. Jones Jr. 1996. Plant Analysis Handbook II.

| Element | N % | P % | K % | Ca % | Mg % | S % | B ppm | Zn ppm | Mn ppm | Fe ppm | Cu ppm |
|---------|--------|--------|--------|---------|---------|--------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| High | 2.00 | 0.35 | 1.50 | 5.00 | 0.50 | 0.35 | 150 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 100 |
| Low | 1.00 | 0.08 | 0.50 | 1.50 | 0.15 | 0.12 | 25 | 20 | 50 | 50 | 8 |

Development stage: Post-flowering
Plant part: Mature leaves from new growth
Quantity: 25+ leaves

P

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References

Avilan, Luis. Fertilización del Mango en el Trópico. International Plant Nutrition Institute. www.ipni.net

Mills, H. A. y J. B. Jones Jr. 1996. Plant Analysis Handbook II.